Chapter 22 Study Guide

- 1. Define the 3 main categories of waste.
- 2. List 5 ways to reduce the amount of material entering the waste stream.
- 3. What are the top three components of **municipal solid waste (MSW)** here in the US.
- 4. How much solid waste does the average American generate in one day?
- 5. What is the purpose of the Resource Conservation and Recover Act and when was it enacted?
- 6. Using figure 22.6, describe the main features of a **sanitary landfill**. What is the landfill designed to prevent?
- 7. Why is it good that some rainfall enters a landfill?
- 8. What is **leachate**, and what are the problems associated with it.
- 9. Name two pros and to cons when it comes to **incinerating** trash.
- 10. What gas, created by anaerobic decomposition, can be recovered and used for energy from some landfills?
- 11. When and why was the first **bottle bill** passed, and how has it affected recycling rates?
- 12. State three examples of **Industrial Solid Waste**.
- 13. Define **industrial ecology** and explain 2 (of 4) goals that industrial ecologists have.
- 14. What are the 4 categories of hazardous waste and give an example of each.
- 15. List 3 heavy metals widely used in electronic devices.
- 16. What is the largest source of unregulated hazardous waste?
- 17. Currently, what happens to most of our e-waste?
- 18. What is a brownfield?
- 19. What is a superfund site? Specific example?

Essay Questions: (Choose 2) 4 points each

- 1. What are the benefits and drawbacks of incinerating trash? How have these problems been dealt with in most developing countries?
- 2. Describe the growing problems in dealing with e-waste.
- 3. Identify 6 steps that can be taken to reduce the size of the waste stream.
- 4. Describe the advantage of compositing.